

HSMF-C171Bi-color Top-Mount ChipLED

Overview

HSMF-C171 is a top-view orange and blue bi-color surface-mount chipLED that comes in an industrial standard 1.6 x $1.25~\text{mm}^2$ footprint. This LED uses high-efficiency AlInGaP and InGaN chip technology and has high light output performance. Coupled with a wide viewing angle, this device is suitable for applications that require uniform light output and high brightness.

Its small form factor allows flexible board design and multiple LEDs can be closely mounted in application where space is a constraint.

This chipLED is shipped in tape and reel and is compatible with Industry-standard automatic machine placement and reflow soldering.

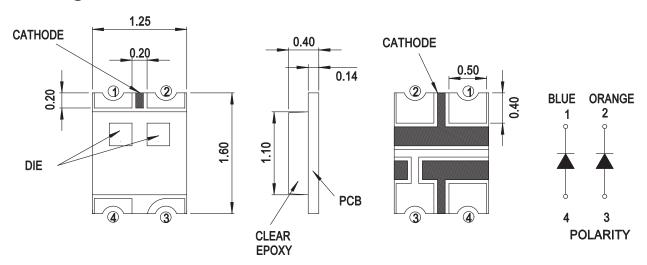
Features

- LED with AllnGaP Orange and InGaN Blue
- Small package size
- Compatible with reflow soldering
- Available in 8-mm tape on 7-inch diameter reel

Applications

- Status indicator
- Keypad backlighting
- Pushbutton backlighting

Package Dimensions



NOTE:

- All dimensions in millimeters (mm).
- Tolerance is ±0.10 mm unless otherwise specified.
- Encapsulation = clear epoxy.

CAUTION! This LED is Class 1A ESD sensitive per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001. Observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	AlinGaP	InGaN	Unit
DC Forward Current (1 chip on) ^a	10	10	mA
DC Forward Current (2 chips on) ^a	10	10	mA
Power Dissipation	24	39	mW
LED Junction Temperature	95	95	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +85	-40 to +85	°C

a. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 9.

Optical Characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 10$ mA)

	Luminous Intensity, Iv (mcd) ^a	Dominant Wavelength, λ _d (nm) ^b	Peak Wavelength, λ _p (nm)	Viewing Angle, 2θ½ (°) ^c
Color	Min.	Тур.	Тур.	Тур.
Orange	28.5	605	611	140
Blue	18.0	467	462	150

- a. The luminous intensity is measured at the mechanical axis of the LED package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern may not be aligned with the axis.
- b. The dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE Chromaticity diagram and represents the perceived color of the device.
- c. Viewing angle is the off axis angle where the luminous intensity is half of the peak intensity.

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 10$ mA)

	Forward Voltage, VF (V) ^a		Reverse Current, $I_R (\mu A)$ at $V_R = 5V^b$	Thermal Resistance, Rθ _{J-S} (°C/W) ^c
Color	Min.	Max.	Max.	Тур.
Orange	1.6	2.4	100	300
Blue	2.7	3.9	100	300

- a. Forward voltage tolerance = ± 0.1 V.
- b. Indicates product final test condition only. Long term reverse bias is not recommended.
- c. Thermal resistance from LED junction to solder point.

Bin Information

Intensity Bin Limit (CAT)

	Luminous Intensity (mcd)		
Bin	Min.	Max.	
M	18.0	28.5	
N	28.5	45.0	
Р	45.0	71.5	
Q	71.5	112.5	
R	112.5	180.0	
S	180.0	285.0	

Tolerance = $\pm 15\%$

Color Bin Limit (BIN)

Orange

	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
Bin	Min.	Max.
Α	597	600
В	600	603
С	603	606
D	606	609
E	609	612
F	612	615

Tolerance = ± 1.0 nm

Blue

	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
Bin	Min.	Max.
Α	460	465
В	465	470
С	470	475
D	475	480

Tolerance = ± 1.0 nm

CAUTION! The above optical specifications are valid in the case where a single LED is lit up.

The above product specifications DO NOT provide any guarantee on color mixing, color consistency over time, or uniformity in luminous intensity when more than one LED is lit up.

Figure 1: Spectral Power Distribution

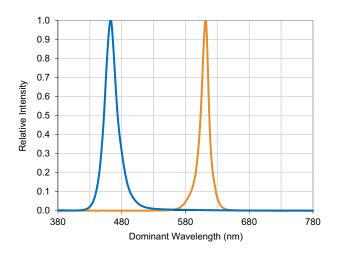


Figure 3: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

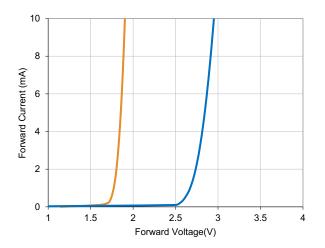


Figure 5: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Junction Temperature

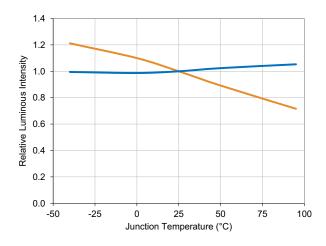


Figure 2: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

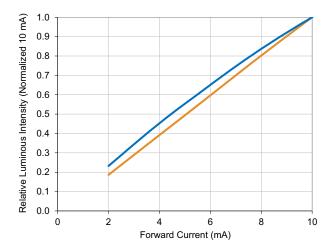


Figure 4: Dominant Wavelength Shift vs. Forward Current

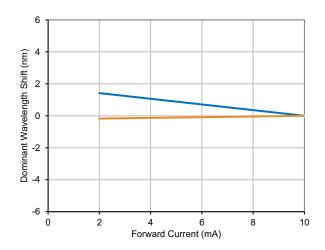


Figure 6: Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature

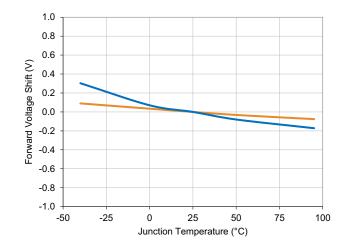


Figure 7: Dominant Wavelength Shift vs. Junction Temperature

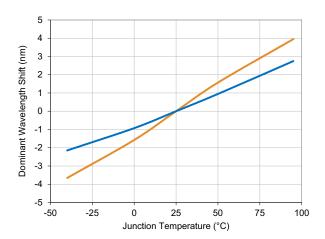


Figure 9: Derating Curve

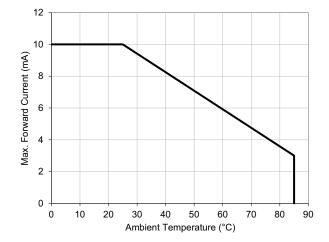


Figure 8: Radiation Pattern

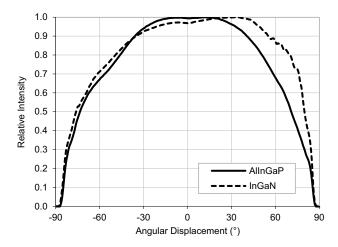
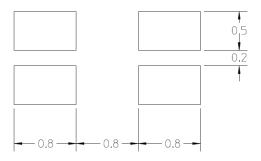
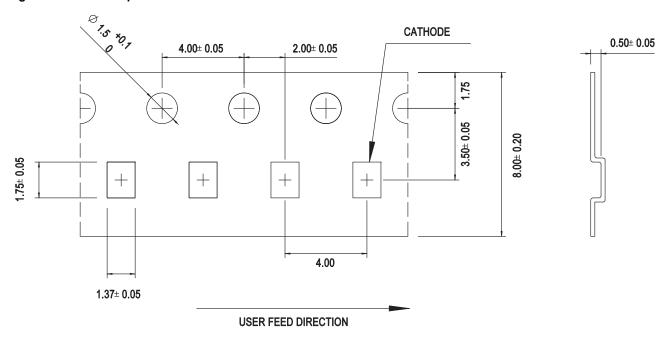


Figure 10: Recommended Soldering Land Pattern



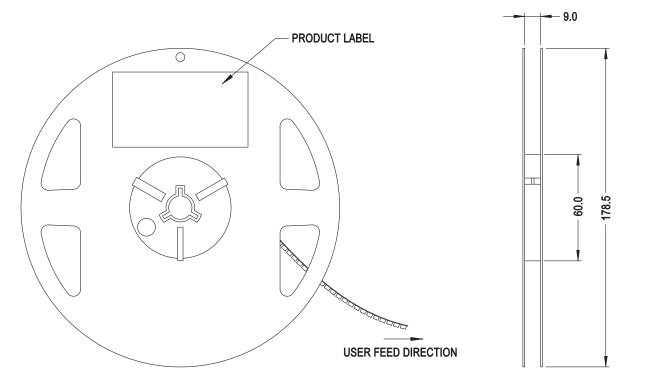
Units: millimeters.

Figure 11: Carrier Tape Dimensions



NOTE: Units in millimeters.

Figure 12: Reel Dimensions

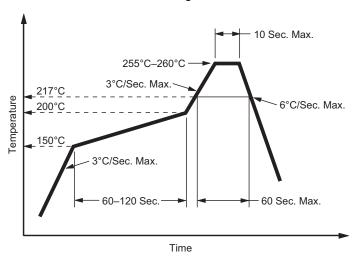


NOTE: Units in millimeters.

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Soldering

Recommended reflow soldering conditions:



- Reflow soldering must not be done more than 2 times.
 Observe the necessary precautions of handling moisture sensitive devices, as stated in the following section.
- Do not apply any pressure or force on the LED during reflow or after reflow when the LED is still hot.
- It is preferred to use reflow soldering to solder the LED. Hand soldering shall only be used for rework if unavoidable, but must be strictly controlled to the conditions below:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 310°C max.
 - Soldering duration = 2 sec. max.
 - Number of cycle = 1 only
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W max.
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals as it may cause damage to the LED.
- User is advised to confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by hand soldering.

Precautionary Notes

Handling of Moisture Sensitive Device

This product has a Moisture Sensitive Level 2a rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Application Note AN5305, Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

- Before use:
 - An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at <40°C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity Indicator Card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required, then it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
 - It is recommended that the MBB not be opened prior to assembly (for IQC, as an example).
- Control after opening the MBB:
 - The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of MBB.
 - The LEDs must be kept at <30°C/60% RH at all times and all high temperature related processes including soldering, curing or rework need to be completed within 672 hours.
- Control for unfinished reel: Unused LEDs must be stored in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH.
- Control of assembled boards: If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high-temperature processes, the PCB must be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 672 hours.
- Baking is required if:
 - The HIC indicator is indicating a change in color for 10% and 5% as stated on the HIC.
 - The LEDs are exposed to a condition of >30°C/60%
 RH at any time.
 - The LED floor life exceeded 672 hrs.

The recommended baking condition is: 60°C ±5°C for 20 hrs. Baking should only be done once.

Application Precautions

- Drive current of the LED must not exceed the maximum allowable limit across temperature as stated in the datasheet. Constant current driving is recommended to ensure consistent performance.
- LEDs do exhibit slightly different characteristics at different drive current which might result in larger variation of their performance (meaning intensity, wavelength and forward voltage). User is recommended to set the application current as close as possible to the test current in order to minimize these variations.
- LED is not intended for reverse bias. Do use other appropriate components for such purpose. When driving the LED in matrix form, it is crucial to ensure that the reverse bias voltage is not exceeding the allowable limit of the LED.
- Avoid rapid change in ambient temperature especially in high humidity environment as this will cause condensation on the LED.

 If the LED is intended to be used in harsh environment, the LED must be protected against damages caused by rain water, dust, oil, corrosive gases, external mechanical stress, and so on.

Eye Safety and Precautions

LEDs may pose optical hazards when in operation. It is not advisable to view directly at operating LEDs as it may be harmful to the eyes. For safety reasons, use appropriate shielding or personnel protection equipment.

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