

FCA Utilities for Solaris

User Manual

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Chapter 1: Introduction

This document provides information for the Broadcom $^{\circ}$ Emulex $^{\circ}$ emlxadm and emlxdrv Solaris Fibre Channel adapter (FCA) utility programs.

- emlxadm changes driver parameters through a local interactive or command line interface (CLI) mode. It can also update firmware on non-Oracle branded devices.
- emlxdrv binds (associates) various Fibre Channel (FC) and network interface card (NIC) drivers to various FC and NIC adapter models, respectively.

1.1 Supported Drivers

Broadcom Emulex emlxadm and emlxdrv utility programs support the following FC and NIC drivers:

- emlxs Solaris inbox Fibre Channel/Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FC/FCoE driver)
- elxfc Emulex distributed FC/FCoE Solaris driver (does not support Oracle-branded devices)
- oce Solaris inbox NIC driver
- elxnic Emulex distributed Solaris NIC driver

1.2 Abbreviations

API application programming interface

CLI Command line interface
D_ID destination identifier
ELS Extended Link Service

FC Fibre Channel

FCA Fibre Channel adapter
FCIO FC input/output

FCOE Fibre Channel over Ethernet
FCP Fibre Channel Protocol

FCTL Fibre Channel transport library

GFC gigabit Fibre Channel
HBA host bus adapter
I/O input/output

IPS Solaris Image Packaging System

iSCSI internet Small Computer System Interface
NIC network interface card (or controller)

PCI Peripheral Component Interconnect Express

SAN storage area network
SFS SAN Foundation Software

VPD vital product data

WWPN World Wide Port Name

Chapter 2: Installing and Removing the Utilities

This chapter details the procedures for installing and removing the FCA utilities.

2.1 Supported Operating Systems

Before installing the utilities, select the appropriate Solaris SFS operating system (see the Broadcom website for thelist of latest supported operating systems), and then download the Solaris FCA utilities from the Broadcom website.

2.2 Supported Adapters

To determine which adapters are supported by the Solaris SFS FCA drivers (emlxs and elxfc), Solaris Ethernet NIC drivers (oce and elxnic), and the Solaris FCA utilities, see the Broadcom website.

2.3 Installing the Utilities for Solaris 10

The emlxadm and emlxdrv utilities are bundled into an emlxu utilities package. Two options are available for installing the emlxu utilities package:

- Using the emlxu install script see Section 2.3.1, Installing the Utilities Using the emlxu_install Script.
- Manually, by using pkgadd see Section 2.3.2, Installing the Utilities Manually.

NOTE

For additional information on installing and removing packages, see the Solaris system administration documentation and the pkgadd(1M) and pkgrm(1M) man pages, which are available on the Oracle website.

2.3.1 Installing the Utilities Using the emlxu_install Script

NOTE

Although it is possible to install emlxu onto one or more clients from a server, that procedure is not covered in this document (see the Solaris documentation on the Oracle website for more information).

Before installing the emlxu utilities package, you must install the Solaris 10 Update 9 (or later) with Oracle- patches. Make sure the emlxs or elxfc driver is v2.60k (or later) and the oce driver is v1.10e (or later).

If an earlier version of the emlxu utilities package is installed, in the following procedure, you are prompted to remove it before the script installs the new version.

To install the emlxu utilities package using the emlxu install script:

- 1. Log in as root, or su to root.
- 2. Copy the emlxu utilities package from your distribution medium into a directory. The emlxu utilities package is a tar file, with a naming convention similar to the following:

```
emlxu kit-<version>-i386.tar
```

3. Change to the directory of the tar file:

cd <directory>

4. Extract the emlxu install script from the tar file:

```
tar xf emlxu kit-<version>-i386.tar emlxu install
```

5. Install the emlxu utilities package:

```
emlxu install
```

If an earlier version of the emlxu utilities package is not found, a message is displayed indicating this, and you can skip to step 7. Otherwise, the script begins removing any earlier version of the emlxu utilities package, and the following message is displayed:

```
<Removing old EMLXemlxu package>
```

6. If an earlier version of the emlxu utilities package is installed, you are prompted to remove it:

```
Do you want to remove this package? [y,n,?,q]
```

Type y, and press Enter. The following message is displayed:

```
Removal of <EMLXemlxu> was successful.
```

7. The script expands the new tar file and begins installing the emlxu utilities package. The following message is displayed:

```
<Expanding emlxu_kit-<version>-i386.tar>
<Adding new package>
```

The package is prepared for installation, and you are prompted to confirm its installation:

```
Do you want to continue with the installation of <EMLXemlxu> [y, n,?]:
```

Type y, and press Enter. The installation progress is indicated.

8. Examine the output for any errors or warnings. If the installation is successful, the following message is displayed near the end of the process:

```
Installation of <EMLXemlxu> was successful.
```

9. The script performs some cleanup and the following messages are displayed:

```
<Cleaning directory>
<emlxu_install complete>
<Execute "emlxu remove" when ready to uninstall>
```

The script copies the <code>emlxu_remove</code> script into the working directory with the original <code>emlxu</code> utilities package tar file. You can use the <code>emlxu_remove</code> script later when you want to remove the <code>emlxu</code> utilities from your system. See Section 2.5, Removing the Utilities for Solaris 10 for more details. You can also delete the <code>emlxu_remove</code> script.

The emlxu utilities installation is complete. The emlxu utilities package's programs are located in the /opt/EMLXemlxu/bin directory.

10. You do not have to reboot the system to run a utility program, but you must either enter the program's full path name, or add the package's bin directory (/opt/EMLXemlxu/bin) to the system environment's search path. To use the man pages provided by the package, you must also add the package's man directory (opt/EMLXemlxu/man) to the system environment's man path.

2.3.2 Installing the Utilities Manually

NOTE

If an earlier version of the EMLXemlxu utilities package is already installed and you want to install a newer version, you must remove the earlier version manually, as detailed in Section 2.5.2, Removing the Utilities Manually before installing the newer utilities package manually.

To install the utilities package manually:

1. Log in as root, or su to root.

2. Copy the emlxu utilities package from your distribution medium into a directory. The emlxu utilities package is a tar file, with a naming convention similar to the following:

```
emlxu kit-<version>-i386.tar
```

3. Go to the directory of the tar file:

```
cd <directory>
```

4. Extract the emlxu install script from the tar file:

```
tar xvf emlxu kit-<version>-i386.tar
```

5. Install the EMLXemlxu utilities package:

```
pkgadd -d . EMLXemlxu
```

6. The package is prepared for installation, and you are prompted to confirm its installation:

```
Do you want to continue with the installation of <EMLXemlxu> [y,n,?]
```

Type y, and press Enter. The installation progress is indicated.

7. Examine the output for any errors or warnings. If the installation is successful, the following message is displayed near the end of the process:

```
Installation of <EMLXemlxu> was successful.
```

The emlxu utilities installation is complete. The utility package's programs are located in the /opt/EMLXemlxu/bin directory.

8. You do not have to reboot the system to run a utility program, but you must either enter the program's full path name or add the package's bin directory (/opt/EMLXemlxu/bin) to the system environment's search path. To use the man pages provided by the package, you must also add the package's man directory (opt/EMLXemlxu/man) to the system environment's man path.

2.4 Installing the Utilities for Solaris 11

NOTE

- Do not install the Emulex Solaris FCA Utility Kit (emlxu) from the p5p bundle or IPS repository on any host that has the OneCommand Manager application installed. Remove the OneCommand Manager kit before installing emlxu using p5p. If you want to run both the OneCommand Manager and emlxu, use the combined installation kit.
- For additional information on installing and removing packages, see the Solaris system administration documentation and the pkgadd (1M) and pkgrm (1M) man pages, which are available on the Oracle website.

2.4.1 Remote Repository Installation

- 1. Log in as root, or su to root.
- 2. Add the Emulex IPS repository to the publisher list:

```
$ pkg set-publisher -0 http://<repository url> emulex
```

3. List all available versions of emlxu. For example:

```
$ pkg list -af emlxu
NAME (PUBLISHER VERSION IFO
emlxu (emulex) 1.8.4.0-0 ---
emlxu (emulex) 1.8.3.0-0 ---
```

4. By default, the newest version of emlxu that is compatible with the rest of the image will be installed. On the system whose output was displayed in step 3, the following command will install version 1.8.4.0-0:

```
$ pfexec pkg install emlxu
```

To install a specific version of emlxu, append the package version to the package name as follows:

```
$ pfexec pkg install emlxu@1.8.3.0-0
```

In instances where two publishers provide packages of the same name, specify the publisher name as follows:

```
$ pfexec pkg install //emulex/emlxu
```

2.4.2 P5P Archive Installation

2.4.2.1 Scripted Installation

- 1. Log in as root, or su to root.
- 2. Download the p5p tar file from the Broadcom website.
- 3. Untar the archive:

```
$ tar -xvf emlxu p5p-<version>.tar
```

4. Run the installation script:

```
$ ./emlxu install
```

2.4.2.2 Manual Installation

- 1. Log in as root, or su to root.
- 2. Download the p5p tar file from the Broadcom website.
- 3. Extract the p5p archive from the tar file:

```
$ tar -xvf emlxu p5p-<version>.tar
```

4. Run the following command to install the package:

```
$ pfexec pkg install -g emlxu <version>.p5p emlxu
```

5. Reboot the system:

\$ reboot

2.5 Removing the Utilities for Solaris 10

Three options are available for removing the emlxu utilities package:

- Using the emlxu_install script removes any previous versions of the emlxu utilities package before installing the latest emlxu utilities package. See Section 2.3.1, Installing the Utilities Using the emlxu_install Script.
- Using the emlxu_remove script removes all emlxu files. See Section 2.5.1, Removing the Utilities Using the emlxu_remove Script in the following section.
- Manually, by using pkgrm removes all emlxu files. See Section 2.5.2, Removing the Utilities Manually.

2.5.1 Removing the Utilities Using the emlxu_remove Script

To remove all emlxu files using the emlxu remove script:

1. Log in as root, or su to root.

2. If you are in the directory of the emlxu_remove script, go to step 4. Otherwise, go to the directory where the original emlxu utilities package tar file is located:

```
cd <directory>
```

3. Extract the emlxu remove script from the emlxu utilities package tar file:

```
tar xf emlxu kit-<version>-i386.tar emlxu remove
```

4. Run the emlxu remove script:

```
emlxu_remove
```

5. The emlxu remove script locates the EMLXemlxu package, and the following message is displayed:

```
<Removing EMLXemlxu package>
```

6. If an emlxu utilities package is not found, a message is displayed indicating this, and you can skip to step 8. Otherwise, you are prompted to remove the package:

```
Do you want to remove this package? [y,n,?,q]
```

Type y, and press Enter. The following message is displayed:

```
Removal of <EMLXemlxu> was successful.
```

7. The script performs cleanup, and the following messages are displayed:

```
<Removing emlxu scripts>
<emlxu remove complete>
```

The utilities package has been removed.

- 8. If you want to install another version of the emlxu utilities package, follow the instructions provided in one of the following sections:
 - Section 2.3, Installing the Utilities for Solaris 10.
 - Section 2.7, Updating the Utilities.

2.5.2 Removing the Utilities Manually

To manually remove the EMLXemlxu utilities package:

- 1. Log in as root, or su to root.
- 2. Run the package removal command:

```
pkgrm EMLXemlxu
```

3. You are prompted to confirm the package removal:

```
Do you want to remove this package? [y,n,?,q]
```

Type y, and press Enter. The package is prepared for removal.

4. You are prompted again for confirmation:

```
Do you want to remove this package? [y,n,?,q]
```

Type ${\bf y}$, and press Enter. The following message is displayed:

Removal of <EMLXemlxu> was successful

2.6 Removing the Utilities for Solaris 11

2.6.1 Manual Removal

Run the following command to remove emlxu from the system:

```
$ pkg uninstall emlxu
```

2.6.2 Scripted Removal

Run the following command to remove emlxu from the system:

```
$ ./emlxu remove
```

2.7 Updating the Utilities

2.7.1 For Solaris 10

Two options are available for updating the utilities package:

- Using the emlxu_install script follow the procedure in Section 2.3.1, Installing the Utilities Using the
 emlxu_install Script. In this procedure, if an earlier version of the emlxu utilities package is installed, you are
 prompted to remove it before installing the newer version.
- Manually first, manually remove the existing EMLXemlxu utilities package as detailed in Section 2.5.2, Removing the Utilities Manually. Then, manually install the newer EMLXemlxu utilities package as detailed in Section 2.3.2, Installing the Utilities Manually.

2.7.2 For Solaris 11

Two options are available for updating the utilities package:

■ Using the remote repository method - run

```
pkg update emlxu
```

Using the p5p installation method - follow either the script or the manual procedure in Section 2.4.2, P5P Archive Installation.

Chapter 3: Using the emlxadm Utility

The emlxadm utility changes driver parameters through a local interactive or CLI mode. It can also update firmware on non-Oracle branded devices. The emlxadm utility is intended to be a direct user interface to the FCIO interface provided by the Oracle StorEdge SFS. The FCIO interface provides an Oracle common ioctl interface to the FCTL driver, which manages the FCA drivers for each FC adapter attached to the host system.

The emlxadm utility program can run in two modes:

- Interactive mode (see Section 3.1, Interactive Mode of Operation for emlxadm)
- CLI mode (see Section 3.2, CLI Mode of Operation for emlxadm)

NOTE

The OneCommand Manager application provides the same functions as emlxadm, and a number of additional ones on multiple systems, through a choice of a graphical user interface and a scriptable command line interface.

To change driver parameters using the OneCommand Manager application, see the *OneCommand Manager Application User Manual* or the *OneCommand Manager Command Line Interface User Manual*.

3.1 Interactive Mode of Operation for emlxadm

To run the emlxadm utility in interactive mode, type emlxadm without any command line arguments. For example:

emlxadm

3.1.1 Displaying Available Emulex Adapters

After the emlxadm utility is started, it scans the host system and prepares a list of qualified adapter ports. Qualified adapter ports are devices that are attached to the emlxs, elxfc, oce, or elxnic driver. After each list number, the adapter's type of stack and type of driver is displayed. For example:

Available Emulex HBA's:

```
1. SFS:emlxs0 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@c/pci10df,e602@0,2/fp@0,0 (CONNECTED)
2. NIC:oce0 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@c/pci10df,e602@0 (CONNECTED)
3. SFS:emlxs1 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@c/pci10df,e602@0,3/fp@0,0 (CONNECTED)
4. NIC:oce1 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@c/pci10df,e602@0,1 (CONNECTED)
5. FCT:emlxs2 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@d/pci10df,f100@0 (CONNECTED)
6. SFS:emlxs3 : /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@d/pci10df,f100@0,1/fp@0,0 (CONNECTED)
```

Enter an HBA number or zero to exit:

In this example, six adapter ports are available. For each adapter, the type of stack is indicated. The three types are:

- SFS the Oracle SFS stack
- NIC the Oracle networking stack
- FCT

After the available adapter list is displayed, you are prompted to choose one of the available adapter ports by entering its list number, or you can type 0 or zero to exit.

3.1.2 Selecting an Adapter Port Attached to an SFS or FCT Stack

If you select an adapter port that is attached to an SFS or FCT stack, the emlxadm utility displays a list of available commands. For example, if you enter 1 from the example in Section 3.1.1, Displaying Available Emulex Adapters, the emlxadm utility displays:

HBA 1: /devices/pci@0,0/pcil0de,5d@c/pcil0df,e602@0,2/fp@0,0

```
Available commands:
                            [FCIO rev2]
                            - Returns the number of FC devices seen by this HBA.
get num devs
get_dev_list
                            - Returns a list of FC devices seen by this HBA.
get logi params <wwpn>
                          - Returns the login paramters for a specified FC device.
get host params
                            - Return the host parameters.
get sym pname
                           - Returns the symbolic port name of a device.
                          - Sets the symbolic port name for a device.
set sym pname <string>
- Returns the symbolic node name of a device set_sym_nname <string> - Sets the symbolic node name for a device. dev_login <wwpn> - Performs an FC login to a device
                           - Returns the symbolic node name of a device.
- Performs an FC logout to a device.
dev logout <wwpn>
                           - Returns current SFS state of a specified device.
                            - Request link error status from a specified D ID.
                            - Returns the current Fcode revison of the HBA.
get fw rev
                            - Returns the current firmware revison of the HBA.
                         - Download the HBA firmware.
download fw [filename]
get boot rev
                           - Returns the current boot revison of the HBA.
get phy attrs
                           - Returns the current PHY attributes for the HBA.
download_boot [filename] - Download the HBA boot image.
get dump size
                           - Returns the HBA's firmware core dump size.
force dump
                           - Force a firmware core dump on this HBA.
                           - Saves firmware core dump to a file.
get dump [-h]
get topology
                            - Returns the current FC network topology.
reset link [wwpn]
                            - Resets the link of a specified public loop FC device.
                            - Reset the HBA.
reset hard
diag ...
                            - Perform a diagnostic test on the HBA.
ns
                            - Performs a complete query of the fabric name server.
parm get num
                            - Returns the total number of configurable parameters.
                           - Returns a list of configurable parameters.
parm get list
parm_get <label> - Gets the value of a specified parameter in the driver.
parm_set <label> <val> - Sets the value of a specified parameter in the driver.
msgbuf [all], <number> [-i interval] - Returns the driver's internal message log.
get host attrs
                            - Returns the host adapter and port attributes.
get port attrs <index>, <wwn>, all - Returns the port attributes.
                            - Returns the adapter path.
get path <index>
get vpd
                            - Returns the adapter's Vital Product Data (VPD).
boot code [enable, disable] - Sets or shows the boot code state in this HBA.
get rnid [wwpn]
                            - Gets the RNID information for local or specified port.
get inst
                            - Gets the driver instance.
get phy attrs
                              - Returns the current PHY attributes for the HBA. (CNAs only)
                             - Temporarily sets the I/O queue depth for a specified remote
set throttle
                              port.
                            - Gets the I/O queue depth for all remote ports.
get throttle
                            - Exits this program.
q
h
                            - Returns this help screen.
hba
                            - Select another hba.
                             - Repeat previous command.
р
```

emlxadm>

emlxadm>

3.1.4

3.1.3 Selecting an Adapter Port Attached to a NIC Stack

If you select an adapter port that is attached to a NIC stack, the emlxadm utility presents a list of available commands. For example, if you enter 2 from the example in Section 3.1.1, Displaying Available Emulex Adapters the emlxadm utility displays:

```
HBA 2: /devices/pci@0,0/pci10de,5d@c/pci10df,e602@0 (physical port)
```

```
Available commands:
                         [NIC rev1]
get hba attrs
                           - Returns the current control attributes for the HBA.
get linkinfo
                           - Returns the current link status information for the HBA port.
get_fw rev
                           - Returns the current firmware revision of the HBA.
download fw [filename]
                          - Download the HBA firmware.
get phy attrs
                           - Returns the current firmware revision of the adapter.
q
                           - Exits this program.
h
                           - Returns this help screen.
                           - Select another HBA.
hba
                           - Repeat previous command.
р
```

Entering emlxadm Commands

After the available commands are listed, the emlxadm> prompt is displayed. From this point, the utility is prompt-driven. When the prompt is displayed, you can enter one of the commands in the list. For example, you can display the list of available commands at anytime by typing h (the help screen) at the prompt:

```
emlxadm> h
```

For some commands, you may have optional or required arguments. If a command requires an argument, but is entered without the argument, a usage statement is returned to indicate that the command requires an argument(s). For example, the get_state command requires a WWPN for the target device. Therefore, if you type only get_state:

```
emlxadm> get state
```

The emlxadm utility returns

```
Usage: get state <wwpn>
```

Therefore, you must include the <wwpn> argument for the get_state command to receive a valid response. For example:

```
emlxadm> get_state 21000020371938fa
```

The emlxadm utility can now run the command and display the state:

```
State: PORT_DEVICE_LOGGED_IN
```

3.1.5 Exiting emlxadm

To exit (quit) the emlxadm utility, type q at the prompt:

```
emlxadm> q
```

3.2 CLI Mode of Operation for emlxadm

Two options are available to run emlxadm in a CLI mode:

- Device path option (seeSection 3.2.1, Device Path Option in CLI Mode)
- Instance option (see Section 3.2.2, Instance Option in CLI Mode)

3.2.1 Device Path Option in CLI Mode

In this CLI mode option, type emlxadm, the device path, followed by a valid command, and its command arguments (if applicable).

$\textbf{Syntax} \in$

```
emlxadm <device path> [-y] <cmd> [cmd option(s)]
```

Arguments

device path	Specifies the full device name for a single adapter or a pattern string for multiple adapters. If the pattern string matches any part of an adapter device path, the command runs on that adapter.
-у	If the [-y] option is included, the emlxadm utility runs immediately without pausing for a verification from the user to continue. If the [-y] option is absent, the emlxadm utility pauses for a verification from the user before running the command.
cmd	An emlxadm command. See Table 1, Summary for emlxadm Commands.
<pre>cmd_option(s)</pre>	Various emlxadm command arguments, if applicable.

3.2.1.1 Device Path Option for a Single Adapter

When using the device path option for single adapters, the <device path> parameter must be the full device name for the single adapter.

Running a Command with User Verification

In this example, the emlxadm utility pauses for verification before running the command. Type emlxadm, the full device name (/devices/pci@1e, 600000/SUNW, emlxs@2/fp@0, 0:devctl), the command (get state), and its <wwpn> argument (21000020371938fa):

```
# emlxadm /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl get_state
21000020371938fa
```

The elxadm utility returns some status, but pauses for a response before running the command:

```
Found path to 1 HBA port(s).

HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,6000000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl

>Do you wish to continue with this device [y,n,q] ? y
```

After you type y, the emlxadm utility runs the command and displays the result:

```
State: PORT_DEVICE_LOGGED_IN
#
```

Running a Command without User Verification (Using [-y])

If you do not want the emlxadm utility to pause for verification before running the command, include the -y option after the full device name. For example, if you type emlxadm, the -y option, the full device name, the command, and its argument, the elxadm utility runs the command immediately:

```
# emlxadm /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl -y get_state
21000020371938fa
```

```
Found path to 1 HBA port(s).
HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl
State: PORT_DEVICE_LOGGED_IN
#
```

3.2.1.2 Device Path Option for Multiple Adapters

When using the device path option for multiple adapters, use a pattern string for the <device path> parameter. If the pattern string matches any part of an adapter device path, the command runs on that adapter.

Running a Command with User Verification

In this example, the emlxadm utility pauses for verification before running the command.

Type emlxadm, the pattern string "SUNW, emlxs@2", and the command get num devs:

```
# emlxadm "SUNW,emlxs@2" get num devs
```

The elxadm utility returns some status, but pauses for a response before running the command:

```
Found path to 2 HBA port(s).

HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl

> Do you wish to continue with this device [y,n,q] ? y
```

After you type y, the elxadm utility returns more information, but again pauses for a response before running the command:

```
There are 5 devices reported on this port.

HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2,1/fp@0,0:devctl

> Do you wish to continue with this device [y,n,q] ? y
```

After you type y, the emlxadm utility runs the command and displays the result:

```
There are 0 devices reported on this port. \#
```

Running a Command without User Verification (Using [-y])

If you do not want the emlxadm utility to pause for verification before running the command, include the -y option after the pattern string. For example, if you type emlxadm, the -y option, the pattern string, and the command, the elxadm utility runs the command immediately:

```
# emlxadm "SUNW,emlxs@2" -y get_num_devs
Found path to 2 HBA port(s).

HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0:devctl
There are 5 devices reported on this port.

HBA port: /devices/pci@1e,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2,1/fp@0,0:devctl
There are 0 devices reported on this port.
#
```

3.2.2 Instance Option in CLI Mode

This CLI mode option enables you to use the emlxadm utility as part of a script or another program capable of running system-level calls.

Syntax

```
emlxadm -i<N,SFS,FCT or all> [-y] <cmd> [cmd option(s)]
```

Arguments

N	Indicates a specific emlxs driver instance. For example, N=1 means "emlxs1", N=2 means "emlxs2", and N=2.1 means "emlxs2.1".
SFS	Indicates all emlxs driver instances that are attached to the Oracle SFS interface.
all	Indicates all emlxs driver instances.
-y	If the [-y] option is included, the emlxadm utility runs immediately. It does not pause for verification to continue. If the [-y] option is absent, the emlxadm utility pauses for verification before running the command.
cmd	An emlxadm command. See Table 1, Summary for emlxadm Commands.
<pre>cmd_option(s)</pre>	Various emlxadm command arguments, if applicable.

3.2.3 Using emlxadm help for Command Usage in CLI Mode

The emlxadm utility offers help for command usage in CLI mode. To invoke a usage help screen, type emlxadm help at the prompt. The CLI mode usage screen is displayed as follows:

```
USAGE:
                       :Runs utility in interactive mode.
         emlxadm
         or
         emlxadm -v
         or
         emlxadm -i<N, SFS, FCT, or all> [-y] <cmd> [cmd option(s)]
         emlxadm -j < N, SFS, FCT, or all> [-y] < cmd > [cmd_option(s)]
         emlxadm - n < N or all > [-y] < cmd > [cmd option(s)]
         emlxadm -m<N or all> [-y] <cmd> [cmd_option(s)]
         emlxadm <device path> [-y] <cmd> [cmd option(s)]
OPTIONS:
                       Display utility version information.
                       Executes command on a specific emlxs driver
         -i < N >
                       instance. (Example: N=2 for emlxs2 or N=2.1 for emlxs2.1)
         -iSFS
                       Executes command on all SFS emlxs driver instances.
         -iFCT
                       Executes command on all FCT emlxs driver instances.
         -iall
                       Executes command on all emlxs driver instances.
         -j < N >
                       Executes command on a specific elxfc driver
                       instance. (Example: N=2 for elxfc2 or N=2.1 for elxfc2.1)
         -jSFS
                       Executes command on all SFS elxfc driver instances.
         -jFCT
                       Executes command on all FCT elxfc driver instances.
         -jall
                       Executes command on all elxfc driver instances.
         -n < N >
                       Executes command on a specific oce driver
                       instance. (Example: N=2 for oce2 or N=5 for oce5)
                       Executes command on all oce driver instances.
         -nall
```

-m <n></n>	Executes command on a specific elxnic driver instance. (Example: N=2 for elxnic2 or N=5 for elxnic5)
-mall	Executes command on all oce driver instances.
device_path	If a full device path is not specified, then the command will be executed on all device paths containing the specified device_path string.
-у	If multiple devices are found, the utility will ask for verification before executing the command on each device. This option will cause the utility to skip the verification and automatically execute the command on each device.

3.3 Command Descriptions for emlxadm

This section provides a list of commands and descriptions that can be issued with the emlxadm utility. The following table summarizes this command list, including abbreviated descriptions.

Table 1 Summary for emlxadm Commands

Command Syntax	Description	Page
<pre>boot_code [enable, disable]</pre>	Sets or shows the boot code state of the current adapter.	21
dev_login <wwpn></wwpn>	Performs an FC login to an FC device on the network, if not already logged in.	21
dev_logout <wwpn></wwpn>	Performs an FC logout to an FC device on the network, if not already logged out.	21
dev_remove <wwpn></wwpn>	Removes the specified FC device from Solaris SFS management.	22
diag	Performs a diagnostic test on the adapter. Two formats are available:	22
	diag <test [parameters]=""></test>	
	Performs a diagnostic test on the adapter port specified by an Emulex-specific test and its parameters (if applicable).	
	diag code <cmd_code></cmd_code>	22
	Performs a diagnostic test on the adapter port specified by a diagnostic command code (in hexadecimal). This command provides generic support to issue an adapter-specific diagnostic code to any third-party adapter.	
download_boot <filename></filename>	Downloads the specified boot image file to the adapter.	22
download_fcode <filename></filename>	Downloads the specified FCode image file to the adapter.	23
download_fw <filename></filename>	Downloads the specified firmware image file to the adapter.	23
force_dump	Forces a firmware core dump on the adapter.	24
get_boot_rev	Returns the current boot revision of the adapter.	24
get_dev_list	Returns a list of FC devices currently seen by this adapter port.	24
get_dump [-h]	Saves the firmware core dump to a file.	25
get_dump_size	Returns the adapter's firmware core dump size.	25
get_fcode_rev	Returns the current FCode version of the adapter.	25

Table 1 Summary for emlxadm Commands (Continued)

Command Syntax	Description	Page
get_fw_rev	Returns the current firmware version of the adapter.	26
get_hba_attrs	Returns the current control attributes for the adapter.	26
get_host_attrs	Displays all of the current host adapter API attributes.	27
get_host_params	Returns the FC login parameters of this adapter port.	28
get_inst	Returns driver instance for this adapter port.	28
get_linkinfo	Returns the current link status information for the adapter port.	28
get_logi_params <wwpn></wwpn>	Returns the FC login common service parameters for a specified FC device on the network.	28
get_num_devs	Returns the number of FC devices currently seen by this adapter port.	23
<pre>get_path <index></index></pre>	Shows the current Solaris device path for a specified adapter port. The total number of ports available can be seen in the "Number of HBA ports" attribute displayed using the get_host_attrs command. The <index> argument is an index into this list.</index>	29
get_phy_attrs	Shows the current PHY module attributes of the adapter.	29
	NOTE This command applies to CNAs only.	
<pre>get_port_attrs <index>, <wwn>, all</wwn></index></pre>	Shows the current adapter API port attributes. All of the ports' attributes can be displayed, or a single port can be specified by <index> or <wwn>. The total number of ports available can be seen in the "Number of Discovered Ports" attribute displayed using the get_host_attrs command. The <index> argument is an index into this list.</index></wwn></index>	30
get_rnid [wwpn]	Returns the request node identification data information for the local or specified port.	32
get_state <wwpn></wwpn>	Returns the current Solaris SFS state of the specified FC device on the network.	32
get_sym_nname	Returns the symbolic FC node name of the adapter port.	32
	NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.	
get_sym_pname	Returns the symbolic FC port name of the adapter port.	32
	NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.	
get throttle	Returns the I/O queue depth of all remote ports.	32
get topology	Returns the FC network topology of the adapter port.	33
get vpd	Shows the current adapter's vital product data.	33
h	Returns the help screen, that is, it lists the available commands.	33
hba	Allows you to select another adapter with which to interface. This prevents you from having to exit and reenter the program.	34
link_status <d_id></d_id>	Requests and returns the current link error status from the FC device specified by the D_ID address.	35
msgbuf [all], <number> [-i interval]</number>	This command displays the current driver log, with various options.	35
ns	Performs and returns a complete query of the fabric name server.	36
p	Repeats the last command.	37
parm_get <label></label>	Retrieves the value of a specified parameter in the driver.	37
parm_get_list	Returns a list of configurable parameters.	37
parm_get_num	Returns the total number of configurable parameters.	37

Table 1 Summary for emlxadm Commands (Continued)

Command Syntax	Description	Page
parm_set <label> <value></value></label>	Sets the value of a specified parameter in the driver. Only dynamic parameters can be set.	40
d	Exits (quits) the utility program.	41
reset_hard	Forces the adapter to perform a hardware reset.	41
<pre>reset_link <[wwpn] or 0></pre>	If the [wwpn] parameter is specified, this command resets the link of the specified FC device on the network. If "0"(zero) is specified, this command resets the local link.	41
set_sym_nname <"string">	Sets the symbolic FC node name of the adapter to the string provided.	41
	NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.	
set_sym_pname <"string">	Sets the symbolic FC port name of the adapter to the string provided.	42
	NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.	
set_throttle	Temporarily sets the I/O queue depth for a specified remote port.	42

3.3.1 boot_code [enable, disable]

Shows or sets the boot code state of the current adapter.

Examples

To show the current boot code:

emlxadm> boot_code
Boot code: Disabled

To enable the boot code:

emlxadm> boot_code enable
Boot code: Enabled

To disable the boot code:

emlxadm> boot_code disable
Boot code: Disabled

3.3.2 dev_login <wwpn>

Performs an FC login to an FC device on the network, if it is not already logged in.

Example

emlxadm> dev_login 21000020371938fa
Done.

3.3.3 dev_logout <wwpn>

Performs an FC logout to an FC device on the network, if not already logged out.

Example

emlxadm> dev_logout 21000020371938fa
Done.

3.3.4 dev_remove <wwpn>

Removes the specified FC device from Solaris SFS management.

3.3.5 diag <test [parameters]>

Performs the diagnostics function on the adapter port. This command provides support for Broadcom Emulex-specific tests.

<test [parameters]>

emlx_biu [pattern] Performs the bus interface unit test. The [pattern] parameter is a 4-byte

hexadecimal pattern to be used for the test (for example, 0xA5A5A5A5).

 $\verb|emlx_echo| < \verb|did>| [pattern]| \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [pattern] parameter is \\ | Performs the echo test to a specified port ID. The [patt$

a 4-byte hexadecimal pattern to be used for the test (for example,

0xA5A5A5A5).

emlx post Performs the power-on self tests.

Examples

Performs the bus interface unit test:

```
emlxadm> diag emlx_biu
Result: EMLX DIAG BIU: Operation successful.
```

Performs the echo test to a <did>=fffffc:

```
emlxadm> diag emlx_echo fffffc
Result: EMLX DIAG ECHO: Operation successful.
```

Performs the power-on self tests:

```
emlxadm> diag emlx_post
Result: EMLX DIAG POST: Operation successful.
```

3.3.6 diag code < cmd_code >

Performs a diagnostic test on the adapter port specified by a diagnostic command code (in hexadecimal format). This command provides generic support to issue an adapter-specific diagnostic code to any third-party adapter.

NOTE

The return status from the adapter is displayed in decimal and hexadecimal format if the diagnostic command code is valid for the adapter. No interpretation of the return status is provided.

Examples

```
emlxadm> diag code 0x4526
Result: CODE(0x4526): 16 (0x10)
```

3.3.7 download_boot <filename>

Downloads the specified boot image file to the adapter.

```
DWC file: BOOT: version=03845054, 1.90a4

Current: Boot: 1.90a3

New: Boot: 1.90a4 143416 (0x23038) bytes

Are you sure you want to download this image? (y or n): y Downloading...

Done.
```

3.3.8 download_fcode <filename>

Downloads the specified FCode image file to the adapter.

Example

3.3.9 download_fw <filename>

Downloads the specified firmware image file to the adapter.

NOTE The Broadcom Emulex FCA driver does not allow a firmware update to Oracle-branded adapters.

```
emlxadm> download fw LPe12000DC-S.fw
Image Components: NOP type
   AWC file:
                    KERN: version=ff801315, 1.30a5
    DWC file:
                    SLI2: version=07831914, 1.90a4
    DWC prog:
                    TEST: version=00f51010, 1.00a0
                    STUB: version=02881914, 1.90a4
    DWC prog:
    DWC prog:
                    SLI1: version=06831914, 1.90a4
    DWC prog:
                    SLI2: version=07831914, 1.90a4
Current: Firmware: 1.90a4
         Firmware: 1.05e 366712 (0x59878) bytes
New:
Are you sure you want to download this image? (y or n): y
Downloading...
Done.
```

3.3.10 force_dump

Forces a firmware core dump on the adapter.

Example

```
emlxadm> force_dump
Done.
```

3.3.11 get_boot_rev

Returns the current boot revision of the adapter.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_boot_rev
Firmware revision: LPe12000DC-S 1.90a3
```

3.3.12 get_dev_list

Returns a list of FC devices currently seen by this adapter port.

```
emlxadm> get dev list
_____
Device 0:
      Dtype: 0
FC4 type[proto]: 0x00000100, 0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x00000000,
           State: Logged In
       D id: 113e1
       LILP: 0
   Hard Addr: e1
       WWPN: 21000020371938fa
       WWNN: 20000020371938fa
______
Device 1:
      Dtype: 0
FC4 type[proto]: 0x00000100, 0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x00000000,
           State: Logged In
       D id: 113e2
       LILP: 0
   Hard Addr: e2
       WWPN: 21000020371939a2
       WWNN: 20000020371939a2
_____
Device 2:
      Dtype: 0
FC4 type[proto]: 0x00000100, 0x00000000, 0x00000000, 0x00000000,
           State: Logged In
       D id: 113e4
       LILP: 0
```

3.3.13 get_dump [-h]

Saves the firmware core dump to a file.

Example

Result if a valid dump exists in the driver memory:

```
emlxadm> get_dump -h
   Core size: 6580624 bytes
        files: 2
   TXT file: 13728
        DMP file: 6566876
Result if a valid dump does not exist in the driver memory: emlxadm> get_dump -h
No core file available.
```

3.3.14 get_dump_size

Returns the adapter's firmware core dump size.

Example

Result if a valid dump exists in the driver memory:

```
emlxadm> get_dump_size
Size: 6580624 (0x646990) bytes
```

Result if a valid dump does not exist in the driver memory:

```
emlxadm> get_dump_size
Size: 0 (0x0) bytes
```

3.3.15 get_fcode_rev

Returns the current FCode revision of the adapter.

```
emlxadm> get_fcode_rev
FCODE revision: LPe12000-S 1.41a3
```

3.3.16 get_fw_rev

Returns the current firmware version of the adapter.

Example

```
emlxadm> get fw rev
Firmware revision: LPe12000DC-S 1.90a3
```

3.3.17 get_hba_attrs

Returns the current control attributes for the adapter.

PCI SubDevice ID: 0xe602

```
emlxadm> get hba attrs
HBA:
    Flash ROM Version: SE HBA ATTR VER:0000.0001
         Manufacturer: Emulex Corporation
        Support Modes: TOE, NIC, VM, FCOE INI, LRO, 0
      SEEPROM Version: 2.32
        IOCTL Version: 0x00012345
        EP Fw Version: 0x00897654
         NCSI Version:
  Def Extended Timeout: 0
                Model: OneConnect OCe11102
          Description: BladeEngine 3 10Gb FCoE Initiator
        IP Version: IPv4
     Firmware Version: 2.701.374.2
         BIOS Version: 2.701.374.2
      REDBOOT Version: 2.0.38.0
       Driver Version:
Flash Firmware Version: 2.701.374.2
  Functions Supported: 0
       Max CDB Length: 0
        ASIC Revision: A2
    Generational GUID:
       HBA Port Count: 2
 Multifunction Device: True
        iSCSI Version: 11
  Def Linkdown Timout: 0
        Physical Port: 0
Max Domains Supported: 1
           HBA Status: Operational
          Cache Valid: True
              HBA MTU: 8342 8342 0 0 0 0 0
  Firmware Post Status: 0xC000
       iSCSI Features: LIST MODE, 0
        PCI Vendor ID: 0x19a2
        PCI Device ID: 0x0700
     PCI SubVendor ID: 0x10df
```

PCI Bus Number: 0
PCI Device Number: 0
PCI Function Number: 0
Interface Type: 0
Unique Identifier: 0
Net Filters: 8

3.3.18 get_host_attrs

Displays all of the current host adapter API attributes.

```
emlxadm> get host attrs
Host Attributes:
  Manufacturer
                             = Oracle Microsystems, Inc.
  Serial Number
                            = BG43918495
  Model
                             = LPe12000DC-S
                             = EMULEX LIGHTPULSE LPe12000DC-S 2GB PCI-X
  Model Description
                               FIBRE CHANNEL ADAPTER
                             = 20000000C942097E
  Node WWN
  Node Symbolic Name
                             = none
  Hardware Version
                             = 1001206d
                            = 1.11f.t3 (2006.04.25.11.43)
  Driver Version
  Optional ROM Version
                            = 1.50a9test1
  Firmware Version
                            = 1.91b5
  Vendor Specific ID
                             = fc00
  Number of HBA ports
                             = 1
  Driver Name
                             = Emulex-S s9-64 v1.11f.t3
                            = 5
  Last Change
  fp Instance
                            = e
  Node WWN
                            = 20000000C942097E
                            = 10000000C942097E
  Port WWN
  Port Fc Id
                             = 011700
  Port Type
                            = Nport
  Port State
                            = Online
  Port Supported COS
                           = Class3
                           Port Supported FC4 Types
                               00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000,
  Port Active FC4 Types
                             = 00000120, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000,
                               00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000,
  Port Symbolic Name
                             = none
  Port Supported Speed
                             = 1Gb, 2Gb
  Port Speed
                             = 1Gb
  Port Max Frame Size
                             = 0x800 bytes
                             = 00000000000000000
  Fabric Name
  Number of Discovered Ports = 4
```

3.3.19 get_host_params

Returns the FC login parameters of this adapter port.

Example

3.3.20 **get_inst**

Returns driver instance for this adapter port.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_inst
emlxs0
```

3.3.21 get linkinfo

Returns the current link status information for the adapter port.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_linkinfo

Physical port: 0

MAC Duplex: Full Duplex

MAC Speed: 10 Gbps

MAC Fault: None

Mgmt MAC Duplex: None

Mgmt MAC Speed: None

QOS Link Speed: Disabled

Logical Link Status: Link Up
```

3.3.22 get_logi_params <wwpn>

Returns the FC login common service parameters for a specified FC device on the network.

```
emlxadm> get_logi_params 21000020371938fa
Login Parameters:
00 00 00 00
20 20 00 00
```

3.3.23 get_num_devs

Returns the number of FC devices currently seen by this adapter port.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_num_devs
There are 4 devices reported on this port.
```

3.3.24 get_path <index>

Shows the current Solaris device path for a specified adapter port. The total number of ports available can be seen in the Number of HBA ports attribute displayed using the get_host_attrs command. The <index> argument is an index into this list.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_path 0
Adapter: /pci@le,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2/fp@0,0
emlxadm> get_path 1
Adapter: /pci@le,600000/SUNW,emlxs@2,1/fp@0,0
```

3.3.25 get_phy_attrs

Shows the current physical layer module attributes of the adapter. This command applies to CNAs only.

Example

```
emlxadm> get phy attrs
PHY Attributes:
PHY Type: XAUI
Interface Type: CX4 10 GB
Flags: 0x00000000
```

3.3.26 get_port_attrs <index>, <wwn>, all

Shows the current adapter API port attributes. All of the ports' attributes can be displayed, or a single port can be specified by <index> or <wwn>. The total number of ports available can be seen in the Number of Discovered Ports attribute displayed using the get host attrs command. The <index> argument is an index into this list.

```
Example
emlxadm> get_port_attrs all
Host Port Attributes:
 Last Change
                       = 5
 fp Instance
                       = e
 Node WWN
                       = 2000000000942097E
 Port WWN
                       = 1000000000942097E
                       = 011700
 Port Fc Id
 Port Type
                       = Nport
                       = Online
 Port State
 Port Supported COS
                       = Class3
 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                       Port Active FC4 Types
                        00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
 Port Symbolic Name
                       = none
 Port Supported Speed
                       = 1Gb, 2Gb
 Port Speed
                       = 1Gb
 Port Max Frame Size
                       = 0x800 bytes
                       = 0000000000000000
 Fabric Name
 Number of Discovered Ports = 4
Port[0] Attributes:
 Node WWN
                     = 20000020371938FA
 Port WWN
                     = 21000020371938FA
 Port Fc Id
                     = 0113e1
                     = Unknown
 Port Type
 Port State
                     = Unknown
                     = Class3
 Port Supported COS
 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
 Port Active FC4 Types:
                     00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                     = SEAGATE ST39103FC
                                          0004
 Port Symbolic Name
 Port Supported Speed
                     = Unknown
 Port Speed
                     = Unknown
```

```
Port Max Frame Size
                     = 0x0 bytes
                     = 0000000000000000
 Fabric Name
Port[1] Attributes:
 Node WWN
                      = 20000020371938A2
 Port WWN
                       = 21000020371938A2
                      = 0113e2
 Port Fc Id
                       = Unknown
 Port Type
 Port State
                       = Unknown
 Port Supported COS
                       = Class3
 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                       Port Active FC4 Types:
                        0000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
 Port Symbolic Name
                       = SEAGATE ST39103FC
                                            0004
 Port Supported Speed
                       = Unknown
 Port Speed
                       = Unknown
 Port Max Frame Size
                       = 0x0 bytes
 Fabric Name
                       = 00000000000000000
Port[2] Attributes:
 Node WWN
                       = 20000020371939A3
 Port WWN
                       = 21000020371939A3
 Port Fc Id
                       = 0113e4
 Port Type
                      = Unknown
                      = Unknown
 Port State
 Port Supported COS
                       = Class3
 0000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                       Port Active FC4 Types:
                        0000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
 Port Symbolic Name
                       = SEAGATE ST39103FC
                                            0004
 Port Supported Speed
                      = Unknown
 Port Speed
                       = Unknown
 Port Max Frame Size
                       = 0x0 bytes
                       = 00000000000000000
 Fabric Name
Port[3] Attributes:
 Node WWN
                       = 2000002037193670
 Port WWN
                      = 2100002037193670
 Port Fc Id
                       = 0113e8
                      = Unknown
 Port Type
 Port State
                      = Unknown
 Port Supported COS
                       = Class3
 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                       Port Active FC4 Types:
                         00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000
                       = SEAGATE ST39103FC
 Port Symbolic Name
                                            0004
 Port Supported Speed
                       = Unknown
                       = Unknown
 Port Speed
```

3.3.27 get_rnid [wwpn]

Returns the request node identification data ELS information for the local or specified port.

Example

```
emlxadm> get rnid
Offset: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
                                       08 09 0A 0B
                                                        OC OD OE OF
                                                                        ASCII:
 0:
         31 30 30 30
                        30 30 30 30
                                        63 39 34 63
                                                        62 64 34 65
                                                                        10000000c94cbd4e
10:
        00 00 00 07
                       00 00 00 00
                                       00 00 00 00
                                                        00 01 00 00
                                                                        . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
20:
                       00 00 00 00
                                      00 00 00 00
                                                        00 00 00 00
        00 00 00 00
                                                                        . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
30:
        00 00 00 00
Done.
```

3.3.28 get_state <wwpn>

Returns the current Solaris SFS state of the specified FC device on the network.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_state 21000020371938fa
State: PORT DEVICE LOGGED IN
```

3.3.29 get_sym_nname

Returns the symbolic FC node name of the adapter port.

NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_sym_nname
ioctl: FCIO GET SYM NNAME: Operation not supported
```

3.3.30 get_sym_pname

Returns the symbolic FC port name of the adapter port.

NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_sym_pname
ioctl: FCIO GET SYM PNAME: Operation not supported
```

3.3.31 get_throttle

Returns the I/O queue depth of all remote ports. The queue depth represents the maximum concurrent I/Os the driver allows to the remote port at any given time. The default queue depth for an FCP target port is specified by the target-depth driver parameter.

Example

emlxadm> get_throttle

____WWPN: Depth
21000011c6810947: 512
21000011c681065f: 512
21000011c68108c0: 512
21000011c681061d: 512

3.3.32 get_topology

Returns the FC network topology of the adapter port.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_topology
Topology: PRIVATE LOOP
```

3.3.33 get_vpd

Displays the current adapter's vital product data.

Example

3.3.34 h

Returns the help screen of the available commands.

Example

This example shows the help screen for an adapter port that is attached to an SFS or FCT stack.

```
emlxadm> h
Available commands:
                           [FCIO rev2]
                            - Returns the number of FC devices seen by this HBA.
get num devs
get dev list
                            - Returns a list of FC devices seen by this HBA.
get_logi_params <wwpn>
                           - Returns the login paramters for a specified FC device.
get host params
                            - Return the host parameters.
get sym pname
                            - Returns the symbolic port name of a device.
                           - Sets the symbolic port name for a device.
set sym pname <string>
get_sym_nname
                            - Returns the symbolic node name of a device.
set sym nname <string>
                            - Sets the symbolic node name for a device.
dev login <wwpn>
                            - Performs an FC login to a device.
```

dev logout <wwpn> - Performs an FC logout to a device. get state <wwpn> - Returns current SFS state of a specified device. dev remove <wwpn> - Remove the FC device from SFS management. link_status <d_id> - Request link error status from a specified D ID. get fcode rev - Returns the current Fcode revison of the HBA. download_fcode [filename] - Download the HBA fcode. - Returns the current firmware revison of the HBA. get fw rev download fw [filename] - Download the HBA firmware. get boot rev - Returns the current boot revison of the HBA. download boot [filename] - Download the HBA boot image. get dump size - Returns the HBA's firmware core dump size. force dump - Force a firmware core dump on this HBA. get dump [-h] - Saves firmware core dump to a file. get topology - Returns the current FC network topology. reset link [wwpn] - Resets the link of a specified public loop FC device. reset hard - Reset the HBA. diag ... - Perform a diagnostic test on the HBA. - Performs a complete query of the fabric name server. ns - Returns the total number of configurable parameters. parm get num - Returns a list of configurable parameters. parm get list parm get <label> - Gets the value of a specified parameter in the driver. parm set <label> <val> - Sets the value of a specified parameter in the driver. msgbuf [all], <number> [-i interval] - Returns the driver's internal message log. get host attrs - Returns the host adapter and port attributes. get port attrs <index>, <wwn>, all - Returns the port attributes. get path <index> - Returns the adapter path. get vpd - Returns the adapter's Vital Product Data (VPD). boot code [enable, disable] - Sets or shows the boot code state in this HBA. - Gets the RNID information for local or specified port. get rnid [wwpn] - Gets the driver instance. get inst - Returns the current PHY attributes for the HBA.(CNAs only) get phy attrs set throttle... - Temporarily sets the I/O queue depth for a specified remote port. get throttle - Gets the I/O queue depth for all remote ports. q - Exits this program. h - Returns this help screen. hba - Select another hba. - Repeat previous command. emlxadm> Selects another adapter with which to interface. This command allows you to connect to another adapter without having to exit and re-enter the program. Example

emlxadm> hba

Available Emulex HBA's:

- 1. SFS:emlxs0: /devices/pci@7c0/pci@0/pci@1/pci@0,2/SUNW,emlxs@1/fp@0,0 (CONNECTED)
- 2. FCT:emlxs1: /devices/pci@7c0/pci@0/pci@1/pci@0,2/SUNW,emlxs@1,1 (CONNECTED)

Enter an HBA number or zero to exit:

3.3.35 link_status <d_id>

Requests and returns the current link error status from the FC device specified by the D ID address.

Example

3.3.36 msgbuf [all], <number> [-i interval]

This command displays the current driver log, with various options.

Parameters

[all]	If the $[all]$ parameter is specified, this command displays all of the current driver message log.
<number></number>	If the <number> parameter is specified, this command displays the last <number> of lines of the current driver message log.</number></number>
[-i interval]	Using the [-i interval] argument enables the screen to be refreshed every [interval] of seconds. If the [-i interval] argument is not provided, the driver message log is displayed, followed by the emlxadm> prompt.

To stop the command from displaying the current driver log, press <Ctrl+c> at the same time.

Example

In this example, the last 10 lines of the current driver log is displayed.

```
emlxadm> msgbuf 10
  155130.01: 1002033:[B.1C35]emlxs0: DEBUG: 800: ELS sent.
                                                             (GA NXT: did=fffffc
                                                             [00011000,00000000])
 155130.02: 1002034:[4.00C9]emlxs0: DEBUG: 801: ELS comp.
                                                             (GA NXT: CT ACC: Rsn=0 Exp=0
                                                             [020113e1,21000020])
 155130.02: 1002035:[B.1C35]emlxs0: DEBUG: 800: ELS sent.
                                                             (GA NXT: did=fffffc
                                                             [000113e1,00000000])
  155130.02: 1002036:[4.00C9]emlxs0: DEBUG: 801: ELS comp.
                                                             (GA NXT: CT ACC: Rsn=0 Exp=0
                                                             [020113e2,21000020])
  155130.02: 1002037:[B.1C35]emlxs0: DEBUG: 800: ELS sent.
                                                             (GA NXT: did=fffffc
                                                             [000113e2,00000000])
  155130.02: 1002038:[4.00C9]emlxs0: DEBUG: 801: ELS comp.
                                                             (GA_NXT: CT_ACC: Rsn=0 Exp=0
                                                             [020113e4,21000020])
 155130.03: 1002039:[B.1C35]emlxs0: DEBUG: 800: ELS sent.
                                                             (GA NXT: did=fffffc
                                                             [000113e4,00000000])
  155130.03: 1002040:[4.00C9]emlxs0: DEBUG: 801: ELS comp.
                                                             (GA NXT: CT ACC: Rsn=0 Exp=0
                                                             [020113e8,21000020])
  155130.03: 1002041:[B.1C35]emlxs0: DEBUG: 800: ELS sent.
                                                             (GA NXT: did=fffffc
                                                             [000113e8,00000000])
emlxadm>
```

3.3.37 ns

Performs and returns a complete query of the fabric name server.

```
emlxadm> ns
Nameserver:
   TYPE: Lport
   PID: 0113E1
   WWPN: 21000020371938fa
PORT NAME: (SEAGATE ST39103FC
                         0004)
   WWNN: 20000020371938fa
NODE NAME: (null)
   IPA: ffffffffffffffff
 IP ADDR: 0.0.0.0
  CLASS: Class3
FC4 TYPES:
TYPE: Lport
   PID: 0113E2
   WWPN: 21000020371939a2
PORT NAME: (SEAGATE ST39103FC 0004)
   WWNN: 20000020371939a2
NODE NAME: (null)
        IPA: ffffffffffffff
 IP ADDR: 0.0.0.0
  CLASS: Class3
FC4 TYPES:
______
   TYPE: Lport
   PID: 0113E4
   WWPN: 21000020371938a3
PORT NAME: (SEAGATE ST39103FC
                         0004)
   WWNN: 20000020371938a3
NODE NAME: (null)
    IPA: ffffffffffffff
 IP_ADDR: 0.0.0.0
  CLASS: Class3
FC4 TYPES:
TYPE: Lport
    PID: 0113E8
   WWPN: 2100002037193670
                       0004)
PORT NAME: (SEAGATE ST39103FC
   WWNN: 2000002037193670
NODE NAME: (null)
   IPA: ffffffffffffff
 IP ADDR: 0.0.0.0
```

3.3.38 p

Repeats the last command.

Example

```
emlxadm> get_num_devs
There are 4 devices reported on this port.
emlxadm> p
emlxadm> get_num_devs
There are 4 devices reported on this port.
```

3.3.39 parm_get_num

Returns the total number of configurable parameters.

Example

```
emlxadm> parm_get_num
Result: There are 18 configurable parameters in the driver.
```

3.3.40 parm_get < label>

Gets the value of a specified parameter in the driver.

Example

```
emlxadm> parm_get adisc-support
    label: adisc-support
    min: 0
current: 1
    max: 2
default: 1
dynamic: yes
    desc: Sets the Fibre Channel ADISC login support level.
```

3.3.41 parm_get_list

Returns a list of configurable parameters.

```
emlxadm> parm_get_list

Parameter:
    label: console-notices
    min: 0x0
```

```
current: 0x0
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0x0
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for notice messages to the console.
_____
 label: console-warnings
  min: 0x0
current: 0x0
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0x0
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for warning messages to the console.
______
 label: console-errors
  min: 0x0
current: 0x0
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0x0
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for error messages to the console.
______
 label: log-notices
  min: 0x0
current: 0xfffffff
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0xffffffff
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for notice messages to the messages file.
______
 label: log-warnings
  min: 0x0
current: 0xfffffff
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0xfffffff
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for warning messages to the messages file.
______
 label: log-errors
  min: 0x0
current: 0xfffffff
  max: 0xfffffff
default: 0xfffffff
dynamic: yes
  desc: Verbose mask for error messages to the messages file.
 label: num-iocbs
  min: 128
current: 1024
  max: 10240
default: 1024
dynamic: no
  desc: Number of outstanding IOCBs driver can queue to adapter.
______
```

```
label: ub-bufs
  min: 40
current: 1000
  max: 16320
default: 1000
dynamic: no
  desc: Number of unsolicited buffers the driver should allocate.
 label: network-on
  min: 0
current: 1
  max: 1
default: 1
dynamic: no
  desc: Enable IP processing.
______
 label: ack0
  min: 0
current: 0
  max: 1
default: 0
dynamic: no
  desc: Enable ACKO support.
 label: topology
  min: 0
current: 0
  max: 6
default: 0
dynamic: no
 desc: Select Fibre Channel topology.
______
 label: link-speed
  min: 0
current: 0
  max: 4
default: 0
dynamic: no
  desc: Select link speed.
______
 label: num-nodes
  min: 2
current: 512
  max: 512
default: 512
dynamic: no
 desc: Number of fibre channel nodes (NPorts) the driver will support.
______
 label: cr-delay
  min: 0
current: 0
  max: 63
default: 0
dynamic: no
```

```
desc: A count of milliseconds after which an interrupt response is generated.
 label: cr-count
   min: 1
current: 1
   max: 255
default: 1
dynamic: no
  desc: A count of I/O completions after which an interrupt response is
generated.
 -----
 label: assign-alpa
   min: 0x0
current: 0x0
   max: 0xef
default: 0x0
dynamic: no
  desc: Assigns a preferred ALPA to the port. Only used in Loop topology.
______
 label: adisc-support
   min: 0
current: 1
  max: 2
default: 1
dynamic: yes
  desc: Sets the Fibre Channel ADISC login support level.
______
 label: pm-support
   min: 0
current: 1
  max: 1
default: 1
dynamic: no
  desc: Enables power management support.
```

3.3.42 parm_set <label> <value>

Sets the value of a specified parameter in the driver. Only dynamic parameters can be set.

NOTE To make this change permanent, you must edit the /kernel/drv/emlxs.conf file.

Examples

This example sets a dynamic parameter:

```
emlxadm> parm_set adisc-support 2

label: adisc-support
    min: 0

current: 2
    max: 2

default: 1

dynamic: yes
    desc: Sets the Fibre Channel ADISC login support level.
```

```
This example attempts to set a static parameter (which is not allowed):
emlxadm> parm_set network-on 1
emlxadm: EMLX_PARM_SET: Parameter (network-on) is not dynamic and cannot be changed here.

** To make this change you must edit the /kernel/drv/emlxs.conf or **

** the /kernel/drv/emlx.conf file(s) and reboot the system.
```

3.3.43 q

Exits (quits) the utility program.

Example

```
emlxadm> q
Exiting...
```

3.3.44 reset_hard

Forces the adapter to perform a hardware reset.

Example

```
emlxadm> reset_hard
Done.
```

3.3.45 reset_link < [wwpn] or 0>

If the <code>[wwpn]</code> parameter is specified, this command resets the link of the specified FC device on the network. If the specified <code>[wwpn]</code> applies to a remote port, the reset link <code>[wwpn]</code> only works if the remote port is on a public loop. SFS uses the <code>Loop Initialize ELS</code> command to reset the link on a remote port. The <code>LINIT ELS</code> command is valid only if the remote N Port is on a public loop.

If "0" (zero) is specified, this command resets the local link.

Examples

Resets the link of the specified FC device:

```
emlxadm> reset_link 21000020371938fa
Done.
```

Resets the local link:

```
emlxadm> reset_link 0
Done.
```

3.3.46 set_sym_nname <"string">

Sets the symbolic FC node name of the adapter to the string provided.

NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.

```
emlxadm> set_sym_nname "Emulex Corporation"
ioctl: FCIO SET SYM NNAME: Operation not supported
```

3.3.47 set_sym_pname <"string">

Sets the symbolic FC port name of the adapter to the string provided.

NOTE This operation is not supported by the Solaris SFS stack.

Example

```
emlxadm> set_sym_pname "Emulex Corporation"
ioctl: FCIO SET SYM_PNAME: Operation not supported
```

3.3.48 set_throttle

Temporarily sets the I/O queue <depth> for a specified remote port. The <depth> is the maximum number of concurrent I/Os that the driver can send to the specified remote port. The default queue depth for an FCP target port is specified by the target-depth driver parameter.

Command Options

```
set_throttle all <depth> Sets the <depth> for all ports.
set_throttle fcp <depth> Sets the <depth> for all FCP target ports.
set_throttle wwpn <depth> Sets the <depth> for a specific port.
```

Example

This example sets the maximum number of concurrent I/Os to 512 for all remote ports.

```
emlxadm> set_throttle all 512
```

WWPN: Depth 21000011c6810947: 512 21000011c681065f: 512 21000011c68108c0: 512 21000011c681061d: 512

Chapter 4: Using the emlxdrv Utility

The emlxdrv utility binds (associates) the following FC and NIC drivers to various Broadcom Emulex FC and NIC adapter models, respectively:

FC Drivers

- emlxs Solaris inbox FC/FCoE driver
- elxfc Emulex-distributed FC/FCoE Solaris driver (does not support Oracle-branded devices)
- lpfc Legacy Emulex distributed FC SD driver, which does not support Oracle-branded devices. The lpfc driver is available for Solaris 10, but not for Solaris 11.

NIC Drivers

- elxnic Emulex-distributed Solaris NIC driver
- oce Solaris inbox NIC driver
- The emlxs and elxfc FC drivers can co-exist on the same host. However, a specific FC adapter model is associated to only one of the FC drivers (emlxs or elxfc) at a time. Likewise, a specific NIC adapter model is associated to only one of the NIC drivers (elxnic or oce) at a time.

NOTE

- The simultaneous use of the lpfc driver and the emlxs or the elxfc driver is not supported. Using the lpfc driver should only be used as a step when migrating complex configurations between drivers.
- If you change the driver binding configuration, the emlxdrv utility requires a system reboot in order for the new configuration to take effect.
- Oracle-branded 16GbFC adapters and the standard models share the same device id; therefore, it is not possible to bind them to two different drivers. Both adapters must be bound to the same driver.
- If an Oracle-branded 16GbFC adapter is detected on the system, the emlxdrv utility will only allow the adapter to bind with the emlxs driver.

The emlxdrv utility program can run in two modes:

- CLI
- Interactive

4.1 Interactive Mode of Operation for emlxdrv

To run the emixadm utility in interactive mode, type emlxdrv without any commands or arguments. For example:

emlxdrv

4.1.1 Displaying Bindings Between Drivers and Adapter Models

The emlxdrv program scans the host system and prepares a driver configuration table consisting of bindings (associations) between the FC and NIC drivers (emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, oce, and elxnic) and a list of Emulex FC and NIC adapter models. After the table is prepared, the utility displays:

- FC driver configuration table
- NIC driver configuration table
- List of available commands
- emlxdrv prompt

For example, after emlxdrv is entered, the utility displays the following:

```
FC Driver Alias Pres Boot Oracle emlxs elxfc lpfc Models
          f100 -
                                                    LPe12000, LPe12002
elxfc
                                 yes
                                       yes
                                              yes
elxfc
                                                    LPe12000, LPe12002
          f111 -
                                 yes
                                       yes
                                              yes
                                                    LPe12000, LPe12002
elxfc
          f112 -
                                 yes
                                       yes
                                              yes
                                                    2G Blade Adapter
elxfc
          f0a5 -
                                 yes
                                       yes
emxls
          fc40
                          yes
                                 yes
                                                    LPe12000-S, LPe12002-S
elxfc
                                       yes
                                                    OCe11101, OCe11102
          714
                                 yes
                yes
NIC Driver Alias
                     Pres
                           Oracle
                                            elxnic Models
                                    oce
oce
           700
                                    yes
                                            yes
                                                   OCe11101, OCe11102
                                                   OCe11101, OCe11102
elxnic
           710
                                    yes
                                            yes
```

```
Available Commands
```

```
set... - Sets driver bindings to specified devices.

clear... - Clears driver bindings to specified devices.

refresh... - Refresh driver bindings to current devices.

q - Exits this program.
```

emlxdrv>

The following table lists the definitions of headings for the FC driver configuration table.

Table 1 FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions

Heading	Description							
Alias	The specific adapter alias associated with a set of Broadcom Emulex adapter models. Driver bindings can be made only with a specific adapter alias and not with a specific adapter model.							
Boot	A yes indicates that this specific type of adapter is currently providing connectivity to the system's boot disk.							
	NOTE The emlxdrv utility does not allow you to change the driver binding to an adapter currently providing connectivity to the boot disk. If the driver binding needs to be changed to a boot device, the system must first be configured to boot through an adapter of another type. This procedure is not in the scope of this document.							
elxfc	A yes indicates the elxfc driver supports this specific type of adapter.							

Table 1 FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions (Continued)

Heading	Description
emlxs	Ayes indicates the emlxs driver supports this specific type of adapter.
FC Driver	The type of FC driver ($emlxs$, $elxfc$, $lpfc$, or – for none) that is currently configured to bind or attach to a specific adapter alias.
lpfc	A yes indicates the lpfc driver supports this specific type of adapter.
Models	A list of Emulex adapter models that are identified by a common adapter alias. Driver bindings can be made only with a specific adapter alias and not with a specific adapter model.
Oracle	A yes indicates that this specific type of adapter is branded and sold directly by Oracle.
Pres	A yes indicates that this type of adapter is currently present in the host system. The <code>emlxdrv</code> utility allows you to bind a driver to adapters that are not currently present in the system, but may be present in the future.

The following table lists the definitions of headings for the NIC driver configuration table.

Table 2 NIC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions

Heading	Description						
Alias	See the Alias description in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions.						
elxnic	A yes indicates the elxnic driver supports this specific type of adapter.						
Models	See the Models description in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions.						
NIC Driver	The type of NIC driver (oce or elxnic) that is currently configured to bind or attach to a specific adapter alias.						
oce	A yes indicates the oce driver supports this specific type of adapter.						
Oracle	See the Oracle description in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions.						
Pres	See the Pres description in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions .						

4.1.2 Entering emlxdrv Commands

After the available commands are listed, the emlxdrv> prompt is displayed. From this point, the utility is prompt-driven. When the prompt is displayed, you can enter one of the commands in the list. For example, to refresh the host bindings and main display with the latest information, use the refresh command:

emlxdrv> refresh

The current driver configuration table and the available command list are displayed automatically after each command is issued.

Some commands require a <driver> or <driver_name> and an <alias> argument. You must specify one of the valid adapter aliases listed in the current driver configuration table. Each alias is shared by multiple adapter models. Driver bindings can be made only with an adapter alias and not with a specific adapter model.

4.1.3 Exiting emlxdrv

To exit (quit) the emlxdrv utility, type q at the prompt:

emlxdrv> q

4.2 CLI Mode of Operation for emlxdrv

You can run the emlxdrv utility program in CLI mode by typing the name of the program followed by a valid command and any required command arguments. For example:

```
# emlxdrv refresh
```

This mode of operation enables you to use the emlxdrv utility as part of a script or another program capable of running system-level calls.

For example, you can revise the device binding by entering all the information on one line at the operating system prompt as shown in the following table:

FC Driver	Alias	Pres	Boot	Oracle	emlxs	elxfc	lpfc	Models
elxfc	f100	-	-	_	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000, LPe12002
elxfc	f111	-	-	_	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000, LPe12002
elxfc	f112	-	-	_	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000, LPe12002
elxfc	f0a5	-	-	_	yes	yes	-	2G Blade Adapter
emxls	fc40	-	-	yes	yes	-	-	LPe12000-S, LPe12002-S
elxfc	704	-	-	_	yes	yes	-	OCe11101, OCe11102
elxfc	714	yes	-	_	yes	yes	-	OCe11101, OCe11102

```
NIC Driver Alias Pres Oracle oce elxnic Models
oce 700 - yes yes OCe11101, OCe11102
elxnic 710 - yes yes OCe11101, OCe11102
```

4.3 Command Descriptions for emlxdrv

NOTE

You can view the list of commands at any time by running the emlxdrv utility in interactive mode (see Section 4.1, Interactive Mode of Operation for emlxdrv).

This section provides a list of commands that can be issued with the emlxdrv utility program. The following table summarizes this command list, including abbreviated descriptions.

Table 3 Summary of emlxdrv Commands

Command	Description								
clear	Clears the bindings from the specified driver(s) to the specified device(s). The clear command has several options:								
	clear [driver] all - clears bindings from the specified [driver] to all devices.	47							
	• clear dev [alias] - clears bindings from a valid adapter alias to its associated devices.	48							
	clear [driver] emulex - clears bindings from the specified [driver] to all Emulex-branded devices.	49							
	clear [driver] oracle - clears bindings from the specified [driver] to all Oracle-branded devices. The valid [driver] values are fc, nic, and [driver_name].	49							
d	Exits (quits) the emlxdrv utility.								
refresh	Refreshes the host bindings and main display with the latest information.								
set	Sets the specific driver (emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce) to bind to the specified device(s). The set command has several options:								
	set [driver_name] all - sets the [driver_name] to bind to all devices.	51							
	• set [driver_name] dev [alias] - sets the [driver_name] to bind to the devices specified by a valid adapter alias.	51							
	set [driver_name] emulex - sets the [driver_name] to bind to all Emulex-branded devices.	52							
	set [driver_name] oracle - sets the [driver_name] to bind to all Oracle-branded devices. The valid [driver_name] values are emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce.	52							

4.3.1 clear...

Clears the bindings from the specified driver(s) to the specified device(s). This command has various options as defined in the following subsections.

NOTE

When running a clear command, you may see a Cannot unload module... message. This message indicates that you must reboot the system to unbind a driver from that adapter alias. The emlxdrv utility requires a system reboot for the new configuration take effect.

4.3.1.1 clear [driver] all

Clears the bindings from the specified [driver] to all devices. The valid [driver] values are fc, nic, and [driver name], as defined in the following section.

Command Options

clear all Clears bindings from all drivers to all devices. This is the default

value for the clear command.

clear fc all Clears bindings from FC drivers to all devices.

clear nic all Clears bindings from NIC drivers to all devices.

clear [driver name] all Clears bindings from a driver (indicated by its name) to all devices.

Example

```
emlxadm> clear all
Updating lpfs ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating f800 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating f900 ...
Cannot unload module: lpfc
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating f980 ...
Cannot unload module: lpfc
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating fa00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating fd00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating fe00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
```

4.3.1.2 clear dev [alias]

Done.

Clears the bindings from a valid adapter alias, as listed in one of the driver configuration tables (see the Alias column in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions), to its associated devices. Each alias is shared by multiple adapter models.

```
emlxdrv> clear dev fe00

Updating fe00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
```

Done.

4.3.1.3 clear [driver] emulex

Clears the bindings from the specified [driver] to all Broadcom Emulex-branded devices. The valid [driver] values are fc, nic, and [driver name], as defined in the following section.

Command Options

clear emulex

clear fc emulex

clear sbindings from all drivers to all Emulex-branded devices

clear nic emulex

clear bindings from FC drivers to all Emulex-branded devices.

Clears bindings from all NIC drivers to all Emulex-branded devices.

clear [driver_name] emulex

Clears bindings from a specific driver (indicated by its name) to all Emulex-branded devices.

Example

```
emlxdrv> clear emulex

Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Updating fc00 ...

Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Updating fc10 ...

Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Updating fc20 ...

Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
```

4.3.1.4 clear [driver] oracle

Done.

Clears bindings from the specified [driver] to all Oracle-branded devices. The valid [driver] values are fc, nic, and [driver_name], as defined in Section 4.3.4, set....

Command Options

clear oracle Clears bindings to all Oracle-branded devices for all drivers.

clear fc oracle Clears bindings to all Oracle-branded devices for FC drivers.

clear nic oracle Clears bindings to all Oracle-branded devices for NIC drivers

clear [driver_name] oracle Clears bindings to all Oracle-branded devices for a specific driver.

Example

emlxdrv> clear oracle
Updating fc00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs

```
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Updating fc10 ...

Cannot unload module: emlxs

Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Updating fc20 ...

Cannot unload module: emlxs

Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Done.
```

4.3.2 q

Exits (quits) the emlxdrv utility.

NOTE

If changes were made to the driver bindings, a system reboot is required for the changes to take effect. If NIC changes were made, a system reboot is also required.

Example

```
emlxdrv> q
Exiting...
```

NOTE: If changes were made, then a system reboot may be required.

4.3.3 refresh

Refreshes the host bindings and main display with the latest information.

Example

emlxdrv> refresh

NIC Driver Alias

oce

700

The following example output is displayed:

FC Driver	Alias	Pres	Boot	Oracle	emlxs	elxfc	lpfc	Models	
elxfc	f100	-	-	_	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000,	LPe12002
elxfc	f111	-	-	-	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000,	LPe12002
elxfc	f112	-	-	-	yes	yes	yes	LPe12000,	LPe12002
elxfc	f0a5	-	-	-	yes	yes	-	2G Blade	Adapter
emxls	fc40	-	-	yes	yes	-	-	LPe12000-S	•
elxfc	704	-	-	-	yes	yes	-	OCe11101,	OCe11102
elxfc	714	yes	-	-	yes	yes	-	OCe11101,	OCe11102

Pres Oracle oce

yes

elxnic Models

yes

OCe11101, OCe11102

```
NIC Driver Alias Pres Oracle oce elxnic Models
elxnic 710 - yes yes OCe11101, OCe11102

Available Commands
set... - Sets driver bindings to specified devices.
clear... - Clears driver bindings to specified devices.
refresh... - Refresh driver bindings to current devices.
q - Exits this program.
```

4.3.4 set...

This command sets the bindings from the specified driver (emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce) to the specified device(s). This command has various options as defined in the following subsections.

NOTE

When running a set...command, you may see a Cannot unload module... message. This message indicates that you must reboot the system to unbind a driver from that adapter alias. The emlxdrv utility requires a system reboot for the new configuration take effect.

4.3.4.1 set [driver name] all

Sets the specified [driver_name] to bind to all devices. The valid [driver_name] values are emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce.

Example

```
emlxdrv> set emlxs all
Updating lpfs ...
Updating f800 ...
Updating f900 ...
Cannot unload module: lpfc
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating f980 ...
Cannot unload module: lpfc
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Updating fa00 ...
Updating fd00 ...
Updating fe00 ...
Updating fc00 ...
Updating fc10 ...
Updating fc20 ...
Done.
```

4.3.4.2 set [driver_name] [alias]

Sets the specified [driver_name] to bind to the devices specified by a valid adapter alias (as listed in one of the driver configuration tables (see the Alias column in Table 1, FC Driver Configuration Table Heading Descriptions). Note that each alias is shared by multiple adapter models. Driver bindings can be made only with an adapter alias and not with a specific adapter model. The valid [driver_name] values are emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce.

Example

```
emlxdrv> set emlxs f980

Updating f980 ...

Cannot unload module: lpfc
Will be unloaded upon reboot.

Done.
```

4.3.4.3 set [driver_name] emulex

Sets the specific [driver_name] to bind to all Broadcom Emulex-branded devices. The valid [driver_name] values are emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce.

Example

```
emlxdrv> set lpfc fa00

Updating fa00 ...
Cannot unload module: emlxs
Will be unloaded upon reboot.
Done.
```

4.3.4.4 set [driver name] oracle

Sets the specific [driver_name] to bind to all Oracle-branded devices. The valid [driver_name] values are emlxs, elxfc, lpfc, elxnic, or oce.

```
emlxdrv> set emlxs oracle

Updating fc00 ...

Updating fc10 ...

Updating fc20 ...

Done.
```

