

Emulex Driver for FreeBSD

User Manual

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Chapter 1: Introduction

This document provides procedures for installing, uninstalling, updating, and configuring Broadcom[®] Emulex[®] supported FreeBSD network interface card (NIC) drivers.

1.1 Supported Versions and Adapters

This manual is applicable to several versions of FreeBSD NIC drivers, operating systems, firmware, and adapters.

For a list of supported FreeBSD operating systems and their associated Broadcom Emulex firmware and drivers, refer to the Broadcom website for the specific adapter.

The FreeBSD operating system supports the Broadcom Emulex OneConnect OCe11102 universal converged network adapter (UCNA), the LightPulse LPe16202 converged fabric adapter (CFA), and the OneConnect OCe14000-series converged network adapters (CNA). The driver and adapters support:

- Peripheral Component Interconnect Express (PCIe) bus standard (Generation 2 or later)
- Statistics Ethernet statistics provided for the number of packets received and sent, and errors encountered
- Jumbo packets (greater than 1500 bytes)
- Virtual local area network (VLAN)
- Multicast packets sent from a source to a group of destinations
- Receive side scaling (RSS) load balancing on Rx traffic across multiple Rx queues
- TSO/LSO (TCP segmentation offload/large segment offload) offloads Tx traffic to hardware to improve performance
- CSO (Checksum Offload) to hardware
- Bonding Ethernet bonding across multiple ports for load balancing and fail-over
- PXE Preboot eXecution Environment for network boot
- MSI-x Message signal interrupts–extended
- Promiscuous mode configuring an Ethernet interface to accept traffic from any destination
- Debugging capability

1.2 Abbreviations

AIC	Adaptive Interrupt Coalescing
CARP	Common Address Redundancy Protocol
CFA	Converged Fabric Adapter
CNA	Converged Network Adapter
CSO	Checksum Offload
LSO	Large Segment Offload
MSI-X	Message Signaled Interrupts-Extended
NIC	Network Interface Card (or Controller)
PCle	Peripheral Component Interconnect Expres
PXE	Preboot eXecution Environment
RSS	Receive Side Scaling
SFP	Small Form-factor Pluggable

s

ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TSO	TCP Segmentation Offload
UCNA	Universal Converged Network Adapter
VHID	Virtual Host ID
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPD	Vital Product Data

Chapter 2: Installing and Uninstalling

This chapter provides installation and uninstallation instructions for the FreeBSD driver kit.

NOTEFreeBSD driver kit is available for FreeBSD 8.x and FreeBSD 9.xoperating system versions only. Starting from FreeBSD 10.x versions,
the driver is inbox only.

2.1 General Installation Requirements

Prior to driver installation, you must:

- Use a supported operating system. Refer to the Broadcom website for a list of supported FreeBSD operating systems.
- Install a supported adapter in the system. Refer to the adapter's installation manual for specific hardware installation instructions.
- Install the FreeBSD NIC driver on a dual-core (or better) server with Intel x86 or AMD64 architecture and MSI-X support.

2.2 Installing the FreeBSD Driver Kit

To install the FreeBSD driver kit:

- 1. Download the appropriate driver kit from the Broadcom website.
- 2. Log on as *root* and type:

```
pkg_add oce-<VERSION>-<ARCH>.tbz
```

For example:

pkg_add oce-11.0.50.0-freebsd93-amd64.tbz

3. Type:

echo 'oce load="YES"' >> /boot/loader.conf

- 4. Extract the tbz driver package and copy the oce.ko file to the /boot/kernel/ directory.
- 5. Reboot the system.

2.3 Uninstalling the FreeBSD Driver Kit

To uninstall the FreeBSD driver kit:

```
1. Log on as root and type:
```

pkg_delete oce-<VERSION>-<ARCH>

For example:

pkg_delete oce-11.0.50.0-freebsd93-amd64

- 2. Remove the oce_load="YES" entry from the /boot/loader.conf file.
- 3. Reboot the system.

2.4 Updating the FreeBSD Driver Kit

To update the FreeBSD driver:

1. Type:

pkg update oce-<VERSION>-<ARCH>.tbz

For example:

pkg update oce-11.0.50.0-freebsd93-amd64.tbz

2. Reboot the system.

2.5 Checking the FreeBSD Driver Version

To check the currently installed FreeBSD driver version:

- 1. Log on as root.
- 2. Type:

pkg_info | grep -i 'oce driver'
For example:
 pkg info | grep -i 'oce driver'

Output:

oce-11.0.50.0 oce driver for freebsd

2.6 Loading and Unloading the Driver

To load the kernel module, type: kldload oce.ko To unload the kernel module, type: kldunload oce.ko To verify that the driver loaded properly, type: kldstat | grep oce

Chapter 3: Configuration

This chapter provides information on configuring the FreeBSD NIC driver, updating the firmware, and extracting the VPD information from an SFP module.

3.1 NIC Driver Configuration

This section lists the kernel module parameters and how to configure the FreeBSD NIC driver.

3.1.1 Kernel Module Parameters

Table 1 Kernel Module Parameters

Parameter	Description
max_rsp_handled	Default: 64
	Allowed values: 1 to 1024
	<pre>kenv name: hw.oce.max_rsp_handled</pre>
	<pre>sysctl name: dev.oceX.max_rsp_handled</pre>
	<pre>max_rsp_handled indicates the maximum number of received frames that are processed during a single receive frame interrupt.</pre>

3.1.2 Configuring TSO

TSO can be configured globally (affects all controllers in the system) or individually for Broadcom Emulex adapters.

To enable TSO globally, type:

sysctl net.inet.tcp.tso=1

To disable TSO globally, type:

sysctl net.inet.tcp.tso=0

To enable TSO for NIC interfaces only, type:

ifconfig oce<if id> tso

To disable TSO for NIC interfaces only, type:

ifconfig oce<if id> -tso

NOTE

<if id> is the interface identification number.

3.1.3 Configuring LSO

To enable LSO, type:

ifconfig oce<if id> lso

To disable LSO, type:

ifconfig oce<if id> -lso

NOTE

<if id> is the interface identification number.

3.1.4 Configuring Jumbo Frame Transmit

To enable Jumbo frames transmission, type:

ifconfig oce<if id> mtu <mtu>

NOTE <if_id> is the interface identification number and <mtu> should be less than or equal to 9000.

3.1.5 Configuring AIC

NOTE AIC configuration is available on OneConnect OCe11102 and OCe14000-series adapters only.

To enable AIC, type:

```
sysctl dev.oce.<if id>.aic enable = 1
```

To disable AIC, type:

sysctl dev.oce.<if id>.aic enable = 0

3.1.6 Configuring CARP

NOTE CARP is supported in FreeBSD 10.0 and later only.

CARP enables multiple hosts to share the same IP address and VHID to provide high availability for one or more services. If one or more host servers fail, the other host servers will transparently continue operations so a service failure is not observed.

In addition to the shared IP address, each host server has its own IP address for management and configuration. All of the systems that share an IP address have the same VHID. The VHID for each virtual IP address must be unique across the broadcast domain of the network interface.

To enable boot-time support for CARP, you must add an entry for the carp.ko kernel module in /boot/loader.conf by typing:

carp load="YES"

To immediately load the module without rebooting, type:

kldload carp

The host name, management IP address, subnet mask, shared IP address, and VHID are all set by adding entries to /etc/rc.conf. This example is for hosta.example.org:

```
hostname="hosta.example.org"
ifconfig_em0="inet 192.168.1.3 netmask 255.255.255.0"
ifconfig em0 alias0="vhid 1 pass testpass alias 192.168.1.50/32"
```

The next set of entries are for hostb.example.org. Since it represents a second main host server, it uses a different shared IP address and VHID. However, the passwords specified with pass must be identical, as CARP only responds to systems with the correct password.

```
hostname="hostb.example.org"
ifconfig_em0="inet 192.168.1.4 netmask 255.255.255.0"
ifconfig em0 alias0="vhid 2 pass testpass alias 192.168.1.51/32"
```

The third system, <code>hostc.example.org</code>, is configured to handle failover from either of the main host servers. This system is configured with two CARP VHIDs – one to handle the virtual IP address for each of the main host servers. The

CARP advertising skew, advskew, is set to ensure that the backup host advertises later than the main host server, because advskew controls the order of precedence when there are multiple backup servers.

```
hostname="hostc.example.org"
ifconfig_em0="inet 192.168.1.5 netmask 255.255.255.0"
ifconfig_em0_alias0="vhid 1 advskew 100 pass testpass alias 192.168.1.50/32"
ifconfig em0 alias1="vhid 2 advskew 100 pass testpass alias 192.168.1.51/32"
```

Having two CARP VHIDs configured enables hostc.example.org to recognize if either of the main host servers becomes unavailable. If a main host server fails to respond before the backup server, the backup server will pick up the shared IP address until the main host server becomes available again.

3.2 Viewing Device Driver Statistics

To view device driver statistics, type:

sysctl -a | grep oce

To view statistics for a single interface, type:

sysctl dev.oce.<if_id>

NOTE if _id can be any of the interface values that correspond to the Broadcom Emulex interfaces in the ifconfig output.

3.3 Updating the Firmware

NOTE For information on using the Elxflash management utility to update firmware, see the *Elxflash and LpCfg Management Utilities User Manual*.

To update the firmware:

1. Copy the following code to the makefile.

```
KMOD=elxflash
FIRMWS=imagename.ufi:elxflash
.include <bsd.kmod.mk>
```

- 2. Replace imagename in the copied code with the actual firmware file name. The format is <filename>.ufi.
- 3. Copy this makefile and the firmware file to a temporary directory.
- 4. Run make command in the directory. This generates an elxflash.ko file.
- 5. Copy the elxflash.ko file to /boot/modules.
- 6. Run the command:

sysctl dev.oce.<if id>.fw upgrade=elxflash

```
NOTE <if_id> can be any of the interface values that correspond to the Broadcom Emulex interfaces in the ifconfig output. If multiple Broadcom Emulex NIC adapters exist in the same system, the firmware download procedure must be repeated on one <if_id> for each adapter.
```

Check if the sysctl command execution for the firmware update was successful.
 If it was successful, reboot the system. Otherwise, you should see one of the following error codes:

- "Invalid BE3 firmware image"
- "Invalid Cookie. Firmware image corrupted?"
- "cmd to write to flash rom failed."

If one of the messages above appears, verify that you have the latest firmware update by checking the Broadcom website and then attempt to update the firmware again. If you continue to have issues, contact your Broadcom Technical Support representative.

3.4 Extracting an SFP Module's VPD Information

To dump an SFP module's VPD:

1. Trigger the dump by typing

sysctl dev.oce.<if id>.sfp vpd dump=0

- 2. Choose one of the following dump options:
 - For a hexadecimal dump, type:

```
sysctl -x dev.oce.<if_id>.sfp_vpd_dump_buffer
```

— For a binary dump, type:

```
sysctl -b dev.oce.<if_id>.sfp_vpd_dump_buffer > <filename>
```

where <filename> is the file into which the output should be redirected.

For example:

```
sysctl -b dev.oce.<if_id>.sfp_vpd_dump_buffer > sfp.bin
```

